

SOP: Preparation of sugar-soaked cotton wool for feeding adult mosquitoes in holding cages or during transportation between the laboratory and field.

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Title	Preparation of sugar-soaked cotton wool for feeding adult mosquitoes in holding cages or during transportation between the laboratory and field		
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# Prepared by

Name	Role	Institution
Katherine Gleave	Contributor	121
Graham Small	Author	IVCC

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1	03/01/2023	Rosemary Lees	121
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#### Version Control<sup>1</sup>

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#### **Related documents**

• I2I Best Practice SOP Library, 30 October 2020 (<a href="https://innovationtoimpact.org/">https://innovationtoimpact.org/</a>)

#### 1. Purpose

The purpose of this SOP is to provide instructions on the appropriate method for preparing 'sugar-soaked cotton wool' for feeding live adult mosquitoes. The following method helps reduce the risk of providing excess liquid to adult mosquitoes, which can increase control mortality by caused distention of the abdomen due to over feeding.

# 2. Materials and equipment

- Clean glass / plastic bottle (e.g., 1 Liter, with a screw cap top)
- Sugar source for feeding mosquitoes (high fructose corn syrup is recommended, but granulated sugar or honey may also be used)
- Measuring cylinder (approximately 200mL) or balance and weighing dish (depending upon whether using liquid sugar source or crystalline sugar)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Historical versions of SOPs can be found on the I2I website (https://innovationtoimpact.org/)

Clean paper towels
Distilled water
Cotton wool (natural cotton, new cotton wool balls are preferred)
Laboratory grade disposable gloves

# Marker pen

### 3. Procedure

- 3.1. For the preparation of 1 liter of 10% sugar solution:
  - 3.1.1.If using a liquid sugar source, then measure 100ml (± 10%) using a measuring cylinder.
  - 3.1.2.Is using a solid crystalline sugar source then weigh 100g (± 10%) using a balance.
  - 3.1.3. Transfer the sugar source to a clean bottle.
  - 3.1.4.Make up to 1 liter using distilled water. It may be necessary to use some of the clean distilled water to remove all the sugar source from the measuring cylinder or weighing dish.
  - 3.1.5. Screw the lid onto the bottle and shake so as to ensure the sugar source is completely mixed / dissolved into the water.
  - 3.1.6.Label and date the bottle as appropriate.
  - 3.1.7. Store in a standard laboratory refrigerator.

3.1.8. Prior to use, remove from the refrigerator and allow to stand at room temperature for 10-15 minutes.

#### 3.2. Method:

- 3.2.1.Put on a new pair of laboratory gloves.
- 3.2.2.Take a handful of cotton wool balls (or rough square of cotton wool approximately 3cm x 3cm) and hold them palm upwards in one hand over a sink.
- 3.2.3. Pour the 10% sugar solution over the cotton wool balls until they are all soaked with the solution.
- 3.2.4. Squeeze the cotton wool balls to remove all excess liquid.
- 3.2.5. Place the cotton wool balls onto a sheet of paper towel.
- 3.2.6.Roll up the paper towel so that the cotton wool balls are held within it.
- 3.2.7. Squeeze the paper towel with the cotton wool balls in gently to remove further excess liquid.
- 3.2.8.Unroll the paper towel.
- 3.2.9. The cotton wool balls should be damp with sugar solution.

# 4. Glossary of terms

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SOP Standard operating procedure



Innovation to Impact Pembroke Place Liverpool L3 5QA UK

contact@innovation2impact.org +44 151 702 9308

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